

JEWISH GENEALOGY, Issue 3

[The IJG Journal](#)

SELECTED LECTURES ON GENEALOGY; AN INTRODUCTION TO SCIENTIFIC TOOLS

H. Daniel Wagner

This 200-page book is a collection of introductory scientific tools for genealogists. It is very readable and should be appropriate for self-teaching. Published 13 years ago, it is still a first of its kind, and thus entirely relevant. It can be used as a reference to find scientific methods suitable to genealogical pursuit.

Included in the book are articles by Stephen P. Morse (*Jewish Calendar Demystified; DNA to Genetic Genealogy*), Nachum Dershowitz and Edward M. Reingold (*Jewish Dating Pitfalls and Resources*), Stephen L. Egbert and Karen G.R. Roekard (*Geospatial Genealogy*), Kamila Klauzinska (*A Practical Introduction to Dataset Merging*), John A. Nairn (*Merging in Genealogy Software and Genealogy Research*), Nadav Shnerb, Yosef Maruvka and David Kessler (*Lucky Names: Demography, Surnames and Chance*), Alexander Beider (*Computer-Based Name Searches*), Jean-Pierre Stroweis (*A Methodology for Error Detection and Correction of Jewish Names in Digitized Genealogical Records*), and H. Daniel Wagner (*Structural Imperfections in Family Trees: Quantifying the Ancestor Paradox*).

A few decades ago, the 'hard' sciences - mathematics, biology, computer science, and so on - played no significant role in the field of genealogy. Nowadays, genealogy is undergoing a rapid transformation. What used to be mainly an activity similar to stamp-collecting, practiced mainly by the elderly, has become a field of ample information and knowledge. Genealogy - and Jewish genealogy in particular - is in the midst of a major transition. In the past 50 years we have seen an enormous increase in the number of peer-reviewed articles published in the field of genealogy. Interestingly, the number of publications in the exact sciences has largely outgrown those in the fields more traditionally associated with genealogy. Such a gap is rooted in recent major scientific advances, including DNA testing and, currently, the explosion of Artificial Intelligence (AI) tools.

The impact of the fast-growing number of intricate scientific facets in this field makes it indispensable that genealogists are offered a basic set of introductory tools in the relevant aspects of the hard sciences. This booklet, the first of its kind I believe, is primarily designed as a sort of introductory guide in the form of a collection of basic articles and can be used as a reference for a science-oriented genealogical pursuit. More topics (AI for example) exist beyond the set of papers presented in this booklet, which may appear in the future.

A few paperback copies of the book are still available and may be obtained for the cost of postage. To order one, [click here](#). PDF versions of each individual article are posted in the *JEWISH GENEALOGY* archives. At the Institute home page, www.iijq.org, click on “Archives” to read them.

Professor H. Daniel Wagner is the immediate past Chairman of the International Institute for Jewish Genealogy and recently retired holder of the Livio Norzi Professorial Chair in Materials Science at the Weizmann Institute of Science in Rehovot, Israel. He is the author of 230 scientific papers, seven book chapters, and 30 genealogy papers. Wagner has researched his Polish roots since 1995, is a member of the Israel Genealogy Research Society (IGRA) and was Co-Chairman of the 24th International Conference of Jewish Genealogy held in Jerusalem in 2004. In 2001 he and Dr. Kamila Klauzinska initiated the “Photographic Census Project” in the Jewish cemetery of Zdunska Wola, Poland, which took seven years to complete. Wagner lives in Rehovot, Israel.

References

1. Wagner, H.D., Genealogy as an Academic Discipline, *AVOTAYNU*, Vol XXII, No. 1, Spring 2006, 3–11.
2. Jones, T. W., Post-Secondary Study of Genealogy: Curriculum and its Contexts. Presented at the IIJG *Symposium*. Jerusalem, Israel, 2007.
3. Lamdan, N., The International Institute for Jewish Genealogy: Five Years of Progress. *AVOTAYNU*, Vol. XXVII, No. 2, Summer 2011.